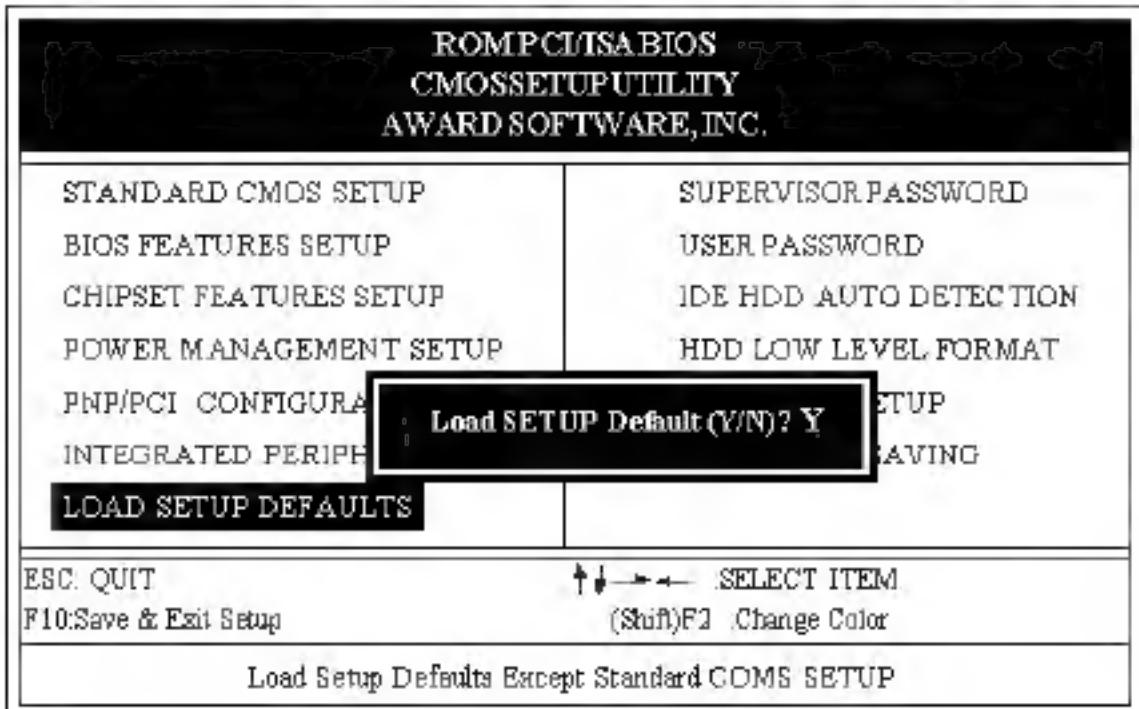


## Read me first

1. The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function is necessary when you accept this mainboard, or the system CMOS data will corrupt.



### LOADSETUPDEFAULT

2. **KBPO (KeyBoard Power On) Function**: There is a basic requirement that the "+5VSB" power of the ATX power supply must be >= 0.1A (100mA). Please refer to chapter 2-5 for detail.

**Apollo MVP3 AGPset**

**EP-58MVP3C-M**

**ISA/PCI/AGP MainBoard**

*with Onboard PCI IDE and SuperMulti-I/O.*

**TRADEMARK**

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*The specification is subject to change without notice.*

**V104**

## **Package Checklist**

Please check your package which should include all items listed below.  
If you find any item damaged or missed, please contact your supplier.

- One mainboard
- One manual
- One IDE ribbon cable
- One floppy ribbon cable
- One Parallel port ribbon cable
- One Serial port ribbon cable(COM1, COM2)
- One PS/2 mouse cable(Optional)
- One AGP driver diskette
- One Ultra\_DMA IDE driver diskette

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# Chapter 1

## Introduction

This mainboard is a high performance system hardware based on Intel Pentium processor and is equipped with an AGP slot, four PCI slots, three standard ISA slots, Super Multi-I/O controller and dual port PCI-IDE connectors for the future expansion. The hardware dimension is 220mm x 260mm with a four-layer-design technology.

### Specification

- VIA Apollo MVP3 AGP/PCIset chipset
- Intel Pentium® Processor, Pentium Processor with MMX technology, AMD K5/K6, Cyrix 6x86L/6x86MX & i486 C6 operating at 120~500MHz with 321 ZIF socket 7 provides scalability to accept faster Processors in the future.
- Supports up to 384 MegaBytes of memory (168-Pin DIMM SOCKET x3)
- Supports 512KB (Pipelined Burst SRAM) L2 Cache
- Supports three 16 bit ISA slots four 32 bit PCI slots and an AGP slot and provides two independent high performance PCI IDE interfaces capable of supporting PIO Mode 3/4 and Ultra-DMA33 devices.
- Supports ATAPI (e.g. CD-ROM) devices on both IDE interfaces.
- Supports a floppy port, a parallel port (EPP,ECP port), two serial ports (16550 FastUART compatible), 1 USB Connector, a PS/2 style mouse connector and an AT style keyboard connector
- Supports Award Plug & Play BIOS
- Supports CPU Hardware sleep, APM (Advanced Power Management) and ACPI (Advanced Configuration Power Interface)
- Supports an ATX power supply connector for a Remote On/Off, a Phone-Ring Power On and a Keyboard Power On Function.
- Supports Switching Regulator for CPU power supply, and single jumper for CPU working voltage selection.
- Supports ESDJ (Easy Setting Dual Jumper) function for CPU selection.
- Support hardware monitor function.

# Chapter 2

## Hardware design

### 2-1 Mainboard Layout

This mainboard is designed with VIA Apollo MVP3 AGP/PCIset chipset which is developed by VIA Corporation to fully support Pentium Processor PCI/ISA system. By providing a massive increase in the bandwidth available between the video card and the processor (66MHz), the unique feature of AGP supported by VIA Apollo MVP3 chipset improves the speed of rendering and texturing for 3D graphics. The chipset also provides an integrated IDE controller with two high performance IDE interfaces for up to four IDE devices (hard devices, CD-ROM device, etc). The Winbond W83877TF Super I/O controller provides the standard PC I/O function: one floppy interface, two 16 Byte FIFO serial ports and one EPP/ECP capable parallel port. This mainboard layout is shown in the next page for user's reference. Care must be taken when inserting memory modules, CPUs or even plugging PCI card into associated slots to avoid damaging any circuits or sockets on board. A cooling fan is strongly recommended when installing Pentium/Pentium MMX/K5/K6/6x86/6x86L/6x86MX/C6 processor due to possible overheat.

This mainboard supports a minimum of 8MB and a maximum of 384MB of System Memory while Onboard 512KB cache to increase system performance.

This mainboard supports standard Fast Page, EDO (Extended Data Out or Hyper Page Mode) or synchronous DRAM. This mainboard provides three 168-pin DIMM sites for memory expansion. The sockets support 1Mx64(8MB), 2Mx64 (16MB), 4Mx64(32MB), and 8Mx64(64MB) single-sided or double-sided memory modules. The memory timing requires 70ns Fast page devices or 60ns EDO DRAM. DRAM modules may be parity [x 36] or non-parity [x 32].

This mainboard supports two Onboard PCI IDE connectors, and automatically detects IDE harddisk type by BIOS utility automatic.

This mainboard supports Award Plug & Play BIOS for the ISA and PCI cards. The BIOS can be located in Flash EPROM which can replace BIOS code easily if necessary.

# EP-58MVP3C-M Layout

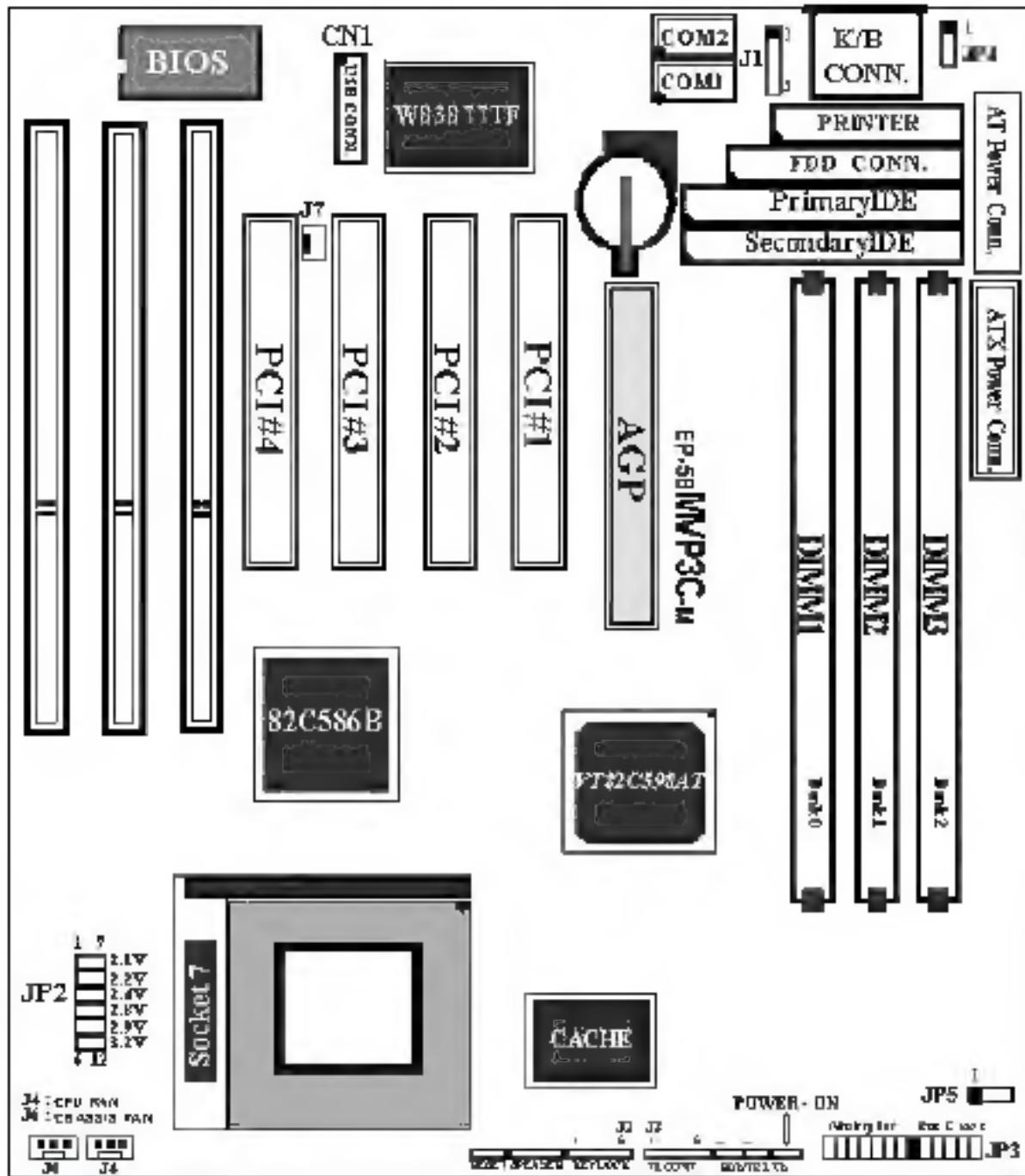


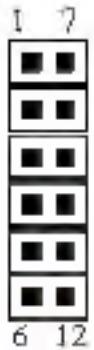
Figure 2-1

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### Configure CPU's Jumper

| JP3<br>1 2 | Pentium / MMX<br>AMD K5 / K6<br>MII - C6 | JP3       |           | Cyrix / IBM<br>6x86L/MX<br>M II |
|------------|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|
|            |  | Multplier | Bus CLOCK |                                 |
| Multiplier | 2X                                       | 2.5 x     | 66MHz     | MX-PR200                        |
|            | 2.5X                                     |           | 75MHz     | MII/MX-PR233                    |
|            | 3X                                       |           | 83MHz     | MII/MX-PR266                    |
|            | 3.5X                                     |           | 100MHz    | MII/MX-PR333                    |
|            | 4X                                       |           | 66MHz     | MII/MX-PR233                    |
|            | 4.5X                                     |           | 75MHz     | MII/MX-PR300                    |
|            | 5X                                       |           | 83MHz     | MII/MX-PR333                    |
|            | 60MHz                                    |           | 100MHz    | MII/MX-PR350                    |
|            | 66MHz                                    |           | 66MHz     | MII/MX-PR300                    |
|            | 75MHz                                    |           | 75MHz     | MII/MX-PR333                    |
| Bus CLOCK  | 83MHz                                    | 3 x       | 83MHz     | MII/MX-PR350                    |
|            | 95MHz                                    |           | 95MHz     |                                 |
|            | 100MHz                                   |           | 100MHz    |                                 |
|            | 233MHz                                   |           | 66MHz     | MII/MX-PR300                    |
|            | 250MHz                                   |           | 75MHz     | MII/MX-PR333                    |
|            | 266MHz                                   | 3.5 x     | 83MHz     |                                 |
|            | 283MHz                                   |           | 95MHz     |                                 |
|            | 300MHz                                   |           | 100MHz    |                                 |
|            | 333MHz                                   |           | 66MHz     | MII/MX-PR333                    |
|            | 350MHz                                   |           | 75MHz     | MII/MX-PR350                    |
|            | 366MHz                                   | 4 x       | 83MHz     |                                 |
|            | 383MHz                                   |           | 100MHz    |                                 |
|            | 400MHz                                   |           | 66MHz     |                                 |
|            | 433MHz                                   |           | 100MHz    |                                 |
| 25 26      | 450MHz                                   | 4.5 x     | 66MHz     |                                 |
|            | 483MHz                                   |           | 100MHz    |                                 |
|            | 500MHz                                   | 5 x       | 66MHz     |                                 |
|            | 533MHz                                   |           | 100MHz    |                                 |

JP2 : CPU Vcore voltage selection : For Pentium Processor with MMX technology,  
 AMD K6 and Cyrix 6x86L/6x86MX/M II

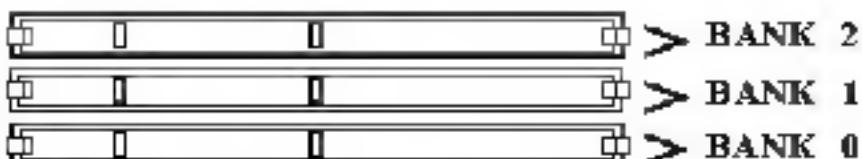


- 1-7: 2.1V Reserved
- 2-8: 2.2V Reserved for AMD K6-2(3D) CPUs
- 3-9: 2.4V Reserved
- 4-10: 2.8V for Pentium MMX and Cyrix 6x86L
- 5-11: 2.9V for AMD K6-PR2-166/200MHz and Cyrix 6x86MX/MII
- 6-12: 3.2V for AMD K6-PR2-233MHz

|    |   |   |
|----|---|---|
| J2 |    | Reset Switch - Closed to restart system   |
|    | 1   | <b>Speaker</b> - connect to the system's speaker for beeping.<br>1 Speaker<br>2 N/C<br>3 GND<br>4 VCC   |
|    | 1   | <b>KeyLock</b> - Keyboard lock switch & Power LED connector.<br>1 Power LED(+)<br>2 N/C<br>3 GND<br>4 Key-Lock<br>5 GND   |
| J3 |   | <b>IrDA/ASKIR CONNECTOR</b><br>1 VCC<br>2 N/C<br>3 IRRX<br>4 GND<br>5 IRTX  |
|    | +   | <b>IDE LED indicator</b> - LED ON when harddisks activate.  |
|    | +   | <b>Turbo LED indicator</b> - LED ON when higher speed is selected<br># There is no deturbo function so that the turbo LED is always ON.                                       |
|    |   | <b>Power-ON</b> - Push the button to turn on the system.<br>- Pressing less than 4 seconds to enter the suspend mode<br>- Pressing more than 4 seconds to turn off the system |
| J4 |  | <b>CPU FAN Connector</b>  |
| J6 |  | <b>CHASSIS FAN Connector</b>  |
| J7 |  | <b>WOL (Wake-up On Lan) Connector</b>   |

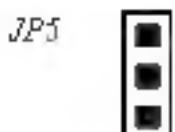
## 2-3 System Memory Configuration

This mainboard supports different type of settings for the system memory. The following figures and table provides all possible memory combinations.



| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8MB<br><input type="checkbox"/> 16MB<br><input type="checkbox"/> 32MB x 1<br><input type="checkbox"/> 64MB<br><input type="checkbox"/> 128MB | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8MB<br><input type="checkbox"/> 16MB<br><input type="checkbox"/> 32MB x 1<br><input type="checkbox"/> 64MB<br><input type="checkbox"/> 128MB | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8MB<br><input type="checkbox"/> 16MB<br><input type="checkbox"/> 32MB x 1<br><input type="checkbox"/> 64MB<br><input type="checkbox"/> 128MB | MAX=384MB |
|--|--|--|-----------|

This mainboard supports 2 kinds of powerful and flexible SDRAM frequency selections. These can be synchronous with CPU bus clock or fixed at 66MHz. By implementing the VCS (Virtual Clock Synchronization) technology, this mainboard refers to the use of delay-lock-loop (DLL) to enable synchronous and pseudo-synchronous operation of the processor and DRAM, AGP and PCI buses. The JP5 allows user to set the SDRAM Frequency between 66/100MHz.



**Jumper's position:**

1-2 : Pseudo-synchronous Status(Fixed as 66MHz)

A more stable and compatible operation condition for non-100MHz based SDRAM when you are using 100MHz based CPU. This setting is suitable for those users who are like to remain the usage of current SDRAM module.

2-3 : Synchronous Status(SDRAM Clock = CPU Bus Clock)

Increasing the bus speeds from the traditional 66MHz to 100MHz greatly improves system performance because the speed at which data traveling between the CPU and memory is increased by 50%. However, there is one thing you should bear in mind. Please make sure you are using 125MHz(-8) based or above SDRAM module.

## 2.4 ATX Power ON/OFF Control

This mainboard equips an ATX power connector which is a single 20-PIN input device for an ATX power supply (see Figure 2-2). An ATX power supply provides a built-in Remote Power ON/OFF function. To implement the function, a momentary switch which is normally open should be connected to the position J3(PIN 12, 3) as the system's power ON/OFF button. Note that an AT power supply does not offer this function.

Based on the ATX power connector, this mainboard has been designed to support both *ACPI* and *Soft-OFF* functions. According to the definition of *ACPI*, a *Suspend mode* will be enabled while you push the J3(system power ON/OFF) button less than 4 seconds. Nevertheless, the system will be turned off by pressing for more than 4 seconds. Regarding the *Soft-OFF* coming from this mainboard onboard circuit controller, it's another way to turn off your system. Your system can be shut down automatically by an operation system such as Windows 95.

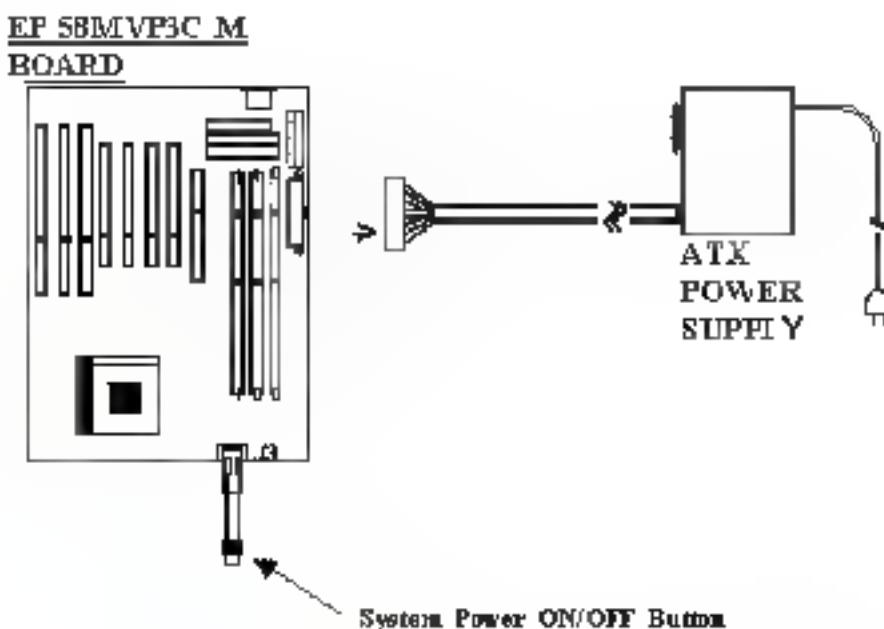


Figure 2-2 Simple ATX Power ON/OFF Controller

## 2.5 External Modem Ring-In Power ON and Keyboard Power ON Functions

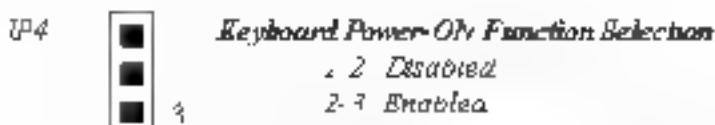
On the basis of bounded functions in i40 chipset, the two serial ports are able to support the External Modem Ring-in Power ON function. Once users connect the external modem to COM1 or COM2 this mainboard mainboard allows users to turn on their system through the remote and host's dial up control.

### Exclusive Keyboard Power ON Function

To innovate a unique feature to benefit users, we devoted ourselves to create the easiest and most convenient way to turn on your system based on the the ATX power supply. This function is available only under system being connected to ATX power supply.

How to work with it

**Step 1:** Please place JP4 at the position 2-3 after you finished the system installation



**Step 2:** Push the momentary switch to turn on your system and then push again to hold for more than 4 seconds to turn off as soon as you turn it on.

**Step 3:** You can enjoy the Keyboard Power ON function by pressing any 1 or 2 keys on your keyboard at the same time for 1-2 seconds. Your system will be turned on automatically. After releasing the keys. To power off your system, you can use the Soft OFF function under Windows 95.

#### Notes

- + The number of keys needed to turn on a system depends on the model of keyboard you are applying due to different loadings on different keyboards. Here, we would like to suggest you push 2 keys at the same time.
- 2. Intel ATX version 2.0 specification has recommended you use the power supply with 0.72A/720mA. With our EP-58MVP3C M mainboard, the 5 OVSB standby power only has to be >= 0.1A / 100mA then you can enjoy this unique benefit. However, the ATX power supply which is < 0.1 / 100mA, is still applicable to your system by placed JP4 at the position 1-2 to disable this feature.

## 2-6 Integrated PCI Bridge

The mainboard has VIA Apollo MVP3 AGP PCI set that supports two integrated PCI slots, the VIA AP MVT. The bus speed is 33MHz. The VIA MVT chip supports up to 100MHz PCI and AGP burst read/write capability. In addition, it provides high performance PCI arbitration logic which provides a minimum of 100ns PCI-to-PCI Arbitration Scheme Minimizes Arbitration Overhead.

There are four memory and three VLB slots available. The VLB and memory slots support new high speed VLB and VLB+VLSI technology. It also includes a 16-bit SCSI port with 10MBPS transfer rate, 32-bit ISA channel, 16-bit EISA and other parameters. You don't have to share address or memory and interrupt resources with ISA cards because the same interrupt resources as ISA cards you can't share the interrupt used by ISA add-on cards in the BIOS Setup utility.

However, if a legacy card is installed and using a public interrupt or ISA slot is plugged in the system, modify it via ROM SETUP UTILITY or enter the BIOS for **PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP** and **ROM SETUP UTILITY** and set the **PCI IDE IRQ MAP TO**

**PCIIDE** or **IDE** after the **CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP UTILITY** from the **ROM SETUP UTILITY** menu or vice versa and the **Onboard Primary PCI IDE** and **Onboard Secondary PCI IDE** will be disabled. Then you can't use the Onboard Primary and Secondary PCI IDE from the **CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP UTILITY** too.

You can set the system interrupt request (IRQ) of some legacy cards which are able to share the same interrupt number. In older systems, the legacy cards are usually assigned to the first and second interrupt of A20M. However, in the SMT, legacy cards are assigned to the second interrupt (INT#1) and also uses the shared interrupt (INT#2) because the secondary INT#2 signifies INT#0 for the secondary interrupt. To do this, enter the **PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP** and **ROM SETUP UTILITY** and set the **PCIIDE IRQ MAP TO** the **PCIIDE** (PCIIDE, and is plugged)

# CHAPTER 3

## AWARD BIOS SETUP

Award's ROM BIOS provides a built-in setup program which allows user to modify the basic system configurations and hardware parameters. The modified data will be stored in a battery-backed CMOS RAM so that data will be retained even when the power is turned off. In general, the information saved in the CMOS RAM stays unchanged unless there is a configuration change in the system, such as a hard drive replacement or a new device installation.

If this does happen, you will need to reconfigure your configuration parameter.

### To Enter Setup Program

Power on the computer and press <Del> key immediately. This will bring you into BIOS CMOSSETUPUTILITY

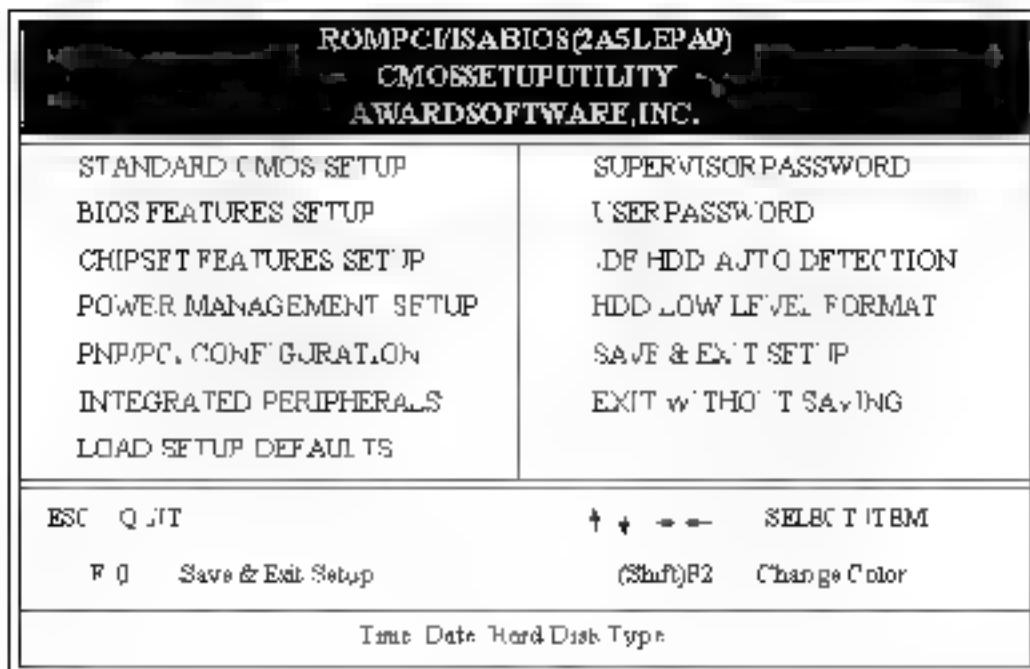
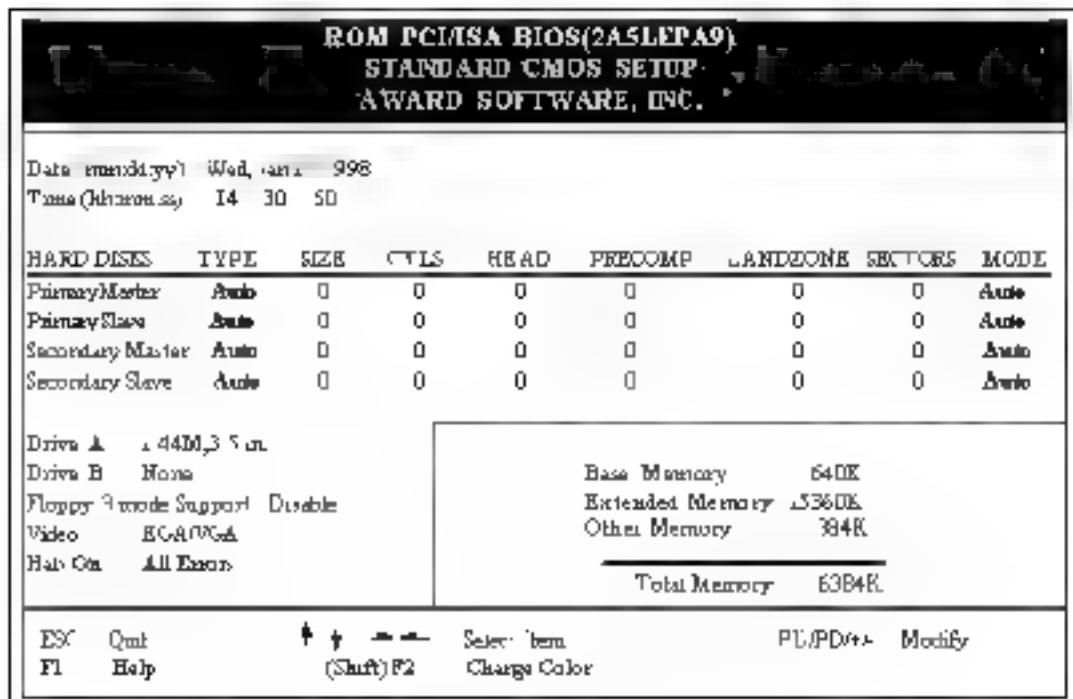


Figure 3-1 CMOS SETUP UTILITY

The menu displays all major selection items. Select the item you need to reconfigure. The selection is made by moving cursor press any direction key to the item and press the Enter key. An on-line help message is displayed at the bottom of the screen as the cursor is moving to various items which provides a better understanding of each function. When a selection is made, the menu of selected item will appear so the user can modify the associated configuration parameters.

### 3.1 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

Choose "STANDARD CMOS SETUP" in the CMOS SETUPUTILITY Menu (Fig 3-1). The STANDARD CMOS SETUP allows user to configure system setting such as the current date and time type of hard disk installed, floppy type and display type. Memory size is auto detected by the BIOS and displayed for your reference. When a field is highlighted, use direction keys to move cursor and <Enter> key to select the entries in the field will be changed by pressing <PgDn> or <PgUp> keys or user can enter new data directly from the keyboard.



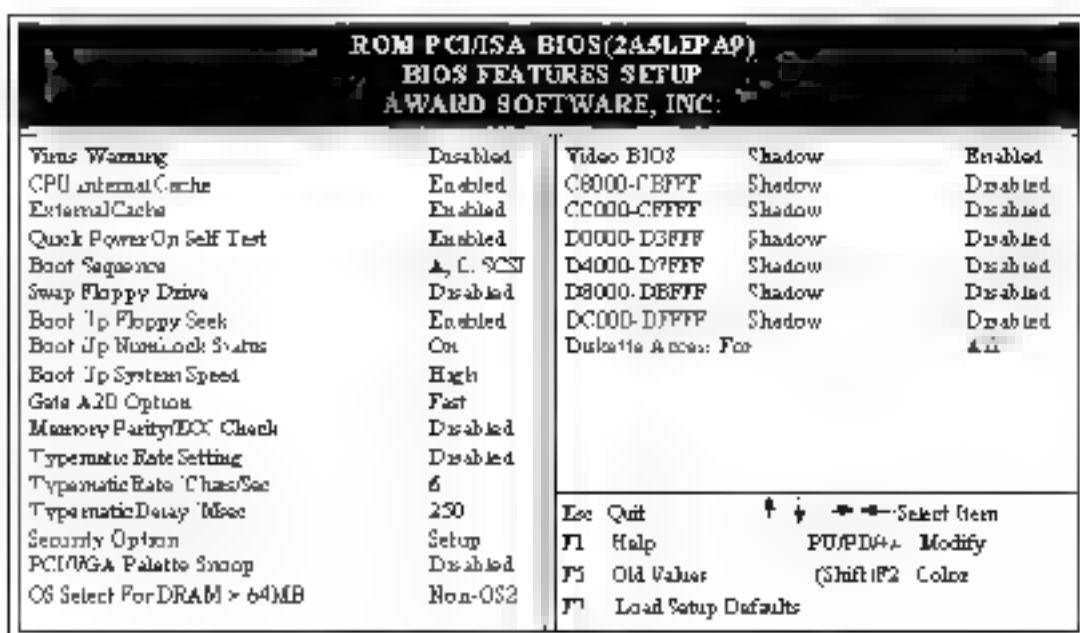
**Figure 3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP**

**NOTE:** If the Primary Master/Slave and the Secondary Master/Slave are set as "Auto", the hard disk size and model will be auto-detected.

**NOTE:** The "Halt On" field is to determine when to halt the system by the B OS if an error occurs.

### 3.2 BIOS FEATURES SETUP

By selecting the "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" option in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu, user can change system related parameters in the displayed menu. This menu shows all of the manufacturer's default values of this motherboard. Again, user can move the cursor by pressing direction keys and <PgDn> or <PgUp> keys to modify the parameters. Pressing F1 key to display help message of the selected item.

**Figure 3-3 BIOS FEATURES SETUP**

**Note** The Security Option contains "setup" and "system". The "setup" indicates that the password setting is for CMOS only while the "system" indicates the password setting is for both CMOS and system boot up.

- **Virus Warning:** This category flashes on the screen During and after the system boots up any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and an error message will appear. You should then run an anti-virus program to locate the virus. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector not the entire hard drive. Default value is **Disabled**.
  - Enabled:** Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when any attempt to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table
  - Disabled:** No warning message to appear when any attempt to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table
- **CPU Internal Cache External Cache:** These two categories speed up memory access. However it depends on CPU/chipset design. The default value is **Enabled**. If your CPU is without Internal Cache then this item "CPU Internal Cache" will not be shown.
  - Enabled:** Enable cache
  - Disabled:** Disable cache

- **Quick Power On Self Test:** This category speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power on the computer. If it's set to Enabled, BIOS will shorten or skip some checking terms during POST.

**Enabled:** Enables quick POST

**Disabled:** Normal POST

- **Boot Sequence:** This category determines which drive is searched first for the O/S (Operating System). The default value is A,C.

**A,C:** The system will search for floppy disk drive first then hard disk drive

**C,A:** The system will search for hard disk drive first then floppy disk drive

- **Swap Floppy Drive:** This will swap your physical drive letters A&B if you are using two floppy disks. The default value is Disabled.

**Enabled:** Floppy A & B will be swapped under the O/S

**Disabled:** Floppy A & B will be not swapped

- **Boot Up Floppy Seek:** During Power On-Self Test (POST) BIOS will determine if the installed floppy drive is 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360K type is 40 tracks while 720K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks. The default value is Enabled.

**Enabled:** BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine if it's 40 or 80 tracks

Note that BIOS cannot tell from 720K, 1.2M or 1.44M drive type as they are all 80 tracks.

**Disabled:** BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number

Note that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360K.

- **Boot Up NumLock Status:** The default value is On.

**On:** Keypad is number keys

**Off:** Keypad is arrow keys

- **Boot Up System Speed:** Select default system speed. The system will run at the selected speed after the system boots.

**High:** Set the speed to high

**Low:** Set the speed to low

- **Gate A20 Option:** This refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1 MB (extended memory). The default value is Fast.

**Normal:** The A20 signal is controlled by keyboard controller or chipset hardware

**Fast:** The A20 signal is controlled by Port 92 or chipset specific method.

- **TypeMat.c Rate Setting:** This determines the typematic rate
  - Enabled:** Enables typematic rate and typematic delay programming
  - Disabled:** Disables typematic rate and typematic delay programming. The system BIOS will use default value of 2 items and the default is controlled by the keyboard
- **Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec):**

|                                      |                                      |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>6:</b> 6 characters per second.   | <b>8:</b> 8 characters per second.   |
| <b>10:</b> 10 characters per second. | <b>12:</b> 12 characters per second. |
| <b>15:</b> 15 characters per second. | <b>20:</b> 20 characters per second. |
| <b>24:</b> 24 characters per second. | <b>30:</b> 30 characters per second. |
- **Typematic Delay (Msec):** This determines the time between the first and second character displayed, when holding a key
  - 250 250msec
  - 500 500msec
  - 750 750msec
  - 1000 000msec
- **Security Option:** This category allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup. The default value is Setup
  - System:** The system will not boot and the access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt
  - Setup:** The system will boot but the access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt
- **PCI/VGA Palette Snoop:** This field controls the ability of a primary PCI VGA controller to share a common palette when a snoop will be cycles within ISA video card. The default value is Disabled.
  - Enabled:** If an ISA card connects to a PCI VGA card via the VESA connector and the ISA card connects to VGA monitor and uses the RAMDAC of PCI card, the PCI/VGA Palette Snoop is enabled
  - Disabled:** Disable the VGA card Palette snoop function
- **Video BIOS Shadow:** It determines whether video BIOS will be copied to RAM. However it's optional from chipset design. Video Shadow will increase the video speed
  - Enabled:** Video shadow is enabled
  - Disabled:** Video shadow is disabled

- C8000-CBFFF Shadow
- CC000-CFFFF Shadow
- D0000-D3FFF Shadow
- D4000-D7FFF Shadow
- D8000-DBFFF Shadow
- DC000-DFFFF Shadow

These categories determine whether optional ROM will be copied to RAM by 16K byte or 32K byte per unit and the size depends on the chipset.

*Enabled:* Optional shadow is enabled.

*Disabled:* Optional shadow is disabled.

### 3-3 CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP

Choose the "CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu to display the following menu.

| ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2ASLEPA9)<br>CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP<br>AWARD SOFTWARE, INC. |          |                           |                   |
|--|----------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Bank 00 DRAM Timing  | 60 ns    | System/CPU WarningTemp    | 66C/1C            |
| Bank 23 DRAM Timing  | 60 ns    | CurrentSystemTemp         | 28C/28C           |
| Bank 45 DRAM Timing  | 60 ns    | CurrentCPU Temp           | 90C/26C           |
| SDRAM Cycle Length   | ns       | Current CPU Fan Speed     | 0RPM              |
| SDRAM Bank Interleave  | 2 Bank   | Current Chassis Fan Speed | 0RPM              |
| DRAM Read Pipeline   | Enabled  | CPU Vcore(V)              | 3.6V              |
| Sustained 3T Write   | Enabled  | CPU I/O(V)                | 3.3V              |
| Cache Rd+CPU W Pipeline  | Enabled  | +5V                       | 4.89V             |
| Read Around writes   | Enabled  | +12V                      | 1.73V             |
| Cache Timing   | Fastest  | 2V                        | 2.26V             |
| Linear Burst   | Enabled  | 5V                        | 9.07V             |
| Video BIOS Cacheable   | Enabled  |                           |                   |
| System BIOS Cacheable  | Disabled |                           |                   |
| Memory HoleA+ 5Mb Addr   | Disabled | Esc Quit                  | ↓ ← → Select item |
| AGP Aperture Size  | 64M      | F1 Help                   | F4 PURD++ Modify  |
| AGP Transfer Mode  | 4x       | F5 Old Values             | (Shift)F2 Color   |
| Cyrix M2 ADS#delay   | Enabled  | F7 Load Setup Defaults    |                   |

Figure 3-4 CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP

**Note:** When you insert slower memory modules in the system and set a faster timing, maybe the system will hang up.

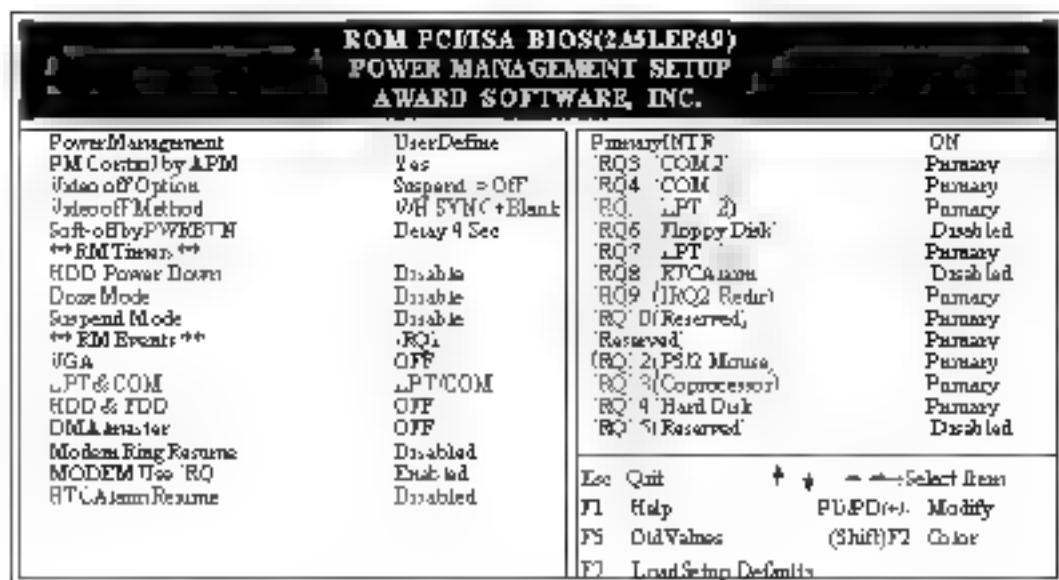
- **DRAM Timing:** The default value is 60ns  
*60ns*: 2 (faster Burst Wait State for 60~70ns Fast Page Mode/EDO DRAM)  
*70ns*: 3 slower Burst Wait State for 70ns Fast Page Mode/EDO DRAM
- **SDRAM Cycle Length:** The default value is 2  
*2*: 2HCLKS  
*3*: 3HCLKS
- **SDRAM Bank Interleave:** The default value is 2 Bank  
*Disabled*: Normal Setting  
*2 Bank 4 Bank*: SDRAM 2 or 4 Bank Interleave
- **DRAM Read Pipeline:** The default value is Enabled.  
*Disabled*: Normal Setting  
*Enabled*: This field enables the pipelining of DRAM read cycle
- **Sustained 3T Write:** The default value is Enabled  
*Disabled*: Write Back mode L2 Cache  
*Enabled*: Write Through mode L2 Cache
- **Cache RD+CPU Wt Pipeline:** The default value is Enabled.  
*Disabled*: Normal Setting  
*Enabled*: This field enables the pipelining of Cache reads and CPU writes cycle
- **Read Around Write:** The default value is Enabled.  
*Disabled*: Normal Setting  
*Enabled*: This field enables the memory read around write cycle
- **Cache Timing:** The default value is Fastest  
*Fast*: Cache burst mode timing = 3 . 1 1 2 . . 1  
*Fastest*: Cache burst mode timing = 3 . 1 1 1 . 1 1
- **Video BIOS Cacheable:** The default value is Enabled.  
*Enabled*: Enabled the Video BIOS Cacheable to speed up the VGA Performance  
*Disabled*: Disabled the Video BIOS Cacheable function
- **System BIOS Cacheable:** The default value is Disabled.  
*Enabled*: Allow caching of the system BIOS ROM at F0000h FFFFFh  
*Disabled*: Normal Setting
- **Memory Hole at 15M-16M:** The default value is Disabled.  
*Disabled*: Normal Setting  
*Enabled*: This field enables the main memory (15~16MB) remap to ISA BUS

- **AGP Aperture Size:** The amount of the system memory that the AGP card is allowed to share. The options available are 4M, 8M, 16M, 32M, 64M, 128M, 256M. The default value is 64M.
- **AGP Transfer Mode:** The default value is 1X.
  - 1X* 66MHz AGP transfer mode
  - 2X* 133MHz AGP transfer mode
- **Cyrix M2 ADS# Delay:** The default value is Enabled.
  - Disabled* Normal Setting
  - Enabled*: Delay HCLK for Cyrix 6x86MX when the ADS# assert
- **System/CPU Warning Temp:** The default value is 66C/141F
  - Disabled*: Normal Setting
  - Enabled*: The options available is 50C/122F~70C/158F
- **Current System Temp:** This is the current temperature of the system
- **Current CPU Temp:** This is the current temperature of the CPU
- **Current CPU Fan Speed:** The current CPU fan speed in RPMs.
- **Current ChassisFan Speed:** The current chassis fan speed in RPMs
- **CPU(V):** The voltage level of the CPU(V<sub>io</sub>/V<sub>core</sub>).
- **+5V +12V 12V 5V:** The voltage level of the power supply

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### 3.4 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

Choose the "POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY to display the following screen. This menu allows the user to modify the power management parameters and IRQ signals. In general, these parameters should not be changed unless it is absolutely necessary.



**Figure 3-5 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP**

Again, users can move the cursor by pressing direction keys to the field needed to be modified and press <PgDn> or <PgUp> to alter item selection. You can only change the content of Dose Mode, Standby Mode and Suspend Mode when the Power Management is set to User Define.

#### 3.3.1 The Description of the Power Management

##### A. Power Management mode selection

**Disabled**: The system operates in NORMAL conditions (Non-GREEN) and the Power Management function is disabled.

**Max saving**: This mode will maximize the power saving capability.

**Min. saving**: This mode will minimize the power saving capability.

**User define**: Allow user to define time out parameters to control power saving mode. Refer to item B shown below.

**E. Time-out parameters****HDD Standby**

HDD Standby timer can be set from 1 to 15 minutes.

**System Doze**

The "System Doze" mode timer starts to count when there is no "PM events" occurred. The valid time-out setting is from 1 minute up to 1 hour.

**System Suspend**

This function works only when the Pentium Processor is installed. The timer starts to count when "System Standby" mode timer is timed out and no "PM Events" occurred. Valid range is from 1 minute up to 1 hour.

**3-3-2 Description of the Green Functions**

This mainboard supports HDD Power Down, Doze and Suspend power saving functions. In addition, the hardware suspend function is supported when the J3(12.1V) (Refer to Figure 2-1) is closed to enter the Suspend function.

The detailed description of these functions is provided in the next page.

**• PM Control by APM**

If Advanced Power Management(APM) is installed on your system, selecting Yes gives better power savings.

**• Video Off Method**

Determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

**V/H SYNC+Blank:** System turns off vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and writes blanks to the video buffer.

**DPMIS Support:** Select this option if your monitor supports the Display Power Management Signaling (DPMS) standard of the Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA). USE the software supplied for your video subsystem to select video power management values.

**Blank Screen:** System only writes blanks to the video buffer.

**• Video off Option**

Determines when to activate the video off feature for monitor power management. The settings are Video off after Suspend/standby/Doze/N/A.

**• Soft-off by PWRBTN**

This field is for the soft-off function setting. When the board utilizes an ATX power supply, two types of settings are offered: *Delay 4 Sec.* and *instant off*. When the setting is *Delay 4 Sec.*, users can power off the system by pressing POWER ON button(J3) for 4 seconds. However, if users press POWER-ON button for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter the Suspend Mode. When the setting is *instant-off*, users first press on POWER ON button will power off the system, but the second press will power on the system.

- **RTC Alarm Resume**

This option allows you to have the system turn on at a preset time each day or on a certain day. This option is only available when used an ATX power supply.

*Enabled* : The system will turn on at the preset time.

*Disabled* , Normal Setting

- **Date (dd/mm/yy)**

This field is to set the date that the system will turn on. The default value is 0.

*0* : Turn on the system on everyday at the preset time.

*1-31* : Represents the date of the month that you need the system to turn on.

- **Time (hh:mm:ss)**

This field is to set the time that you need the system to turn on. The default value is 08:00:00.

#### **HDDStandbyMode**

When system stops reading or writing HDD the timer starts to count. The system will cut off the HDD power when timer runs out of time. The system will not resume operation until either a read from or a write to HDD command is executed again.

#### **DozeMode**

The system hardware will drop down CPU clock from normal working speed when Doze mode time-out occurs.

#### **SuspendMode**

When the system suspend timer times out, the system will enter the suspend mode and the chipset will stop CPU clock immediately. The power consumption in Suspend Mode is lower than in standby mode. The screen is also blanked out.

**FMEvents**

AWARD BIOS defines 7 PM Events in the power management mode (Dose & suspend). The user can initialize any PM Events to be "Enabled" or "Disable". When the system detects all of the enabled events do not have any activity it will start the system Dose timer first if the "Power Management" is not "Disabled". Once the system Dose timer is timed out, it will process dose power saving procedure by starting the system suspend timer. When the suspend timer times out all of the CPU clock will stop by dropping system clock down to zero and remains this way until any one of the "Enabled" event occurs.

**3-5 PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION**

The PNP/PCI configuration program is for the user to modify the PCI/ISA IRQ signals when various PCI/ISA cards are inserted in the PCI or ISA slots.

**WARNING** Any misplacing IRQ could cause system can't pick out the resources.

| ROM PC/ISA BIOS(2ASLEPA9)<br>PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION<br>AWARD SOFTWARE, INC. |             |                          |                |
|--|-------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| PNP OS Installed   | No          | PCI Dynamic Bursting     | Enabled        |
| Resource Controlled By   | Manual      | PCI Master0 WSSWrite     | Enabled        |
| Reset Configuration Data   | Disabled    | PCI Delay Transaction    | Enabled        |
| ACPI function  | Enabled     | PCI(Master)Read/Prefetch | Enabled        |
| IRQ-3 assigned to  | Legacy ISA  | PCI(MQ)Access #1 Retry   | Disabled       |
| IRQ-4 assigned to  | Legacy ISA  | AGP Master1 WSS Write    | Enabled        |
| IRQ-5 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP | AGP Master WSS Read      | Disabled       |
| IRQ-7 assigned to  | Legacy ISA  | PCI IRQ Activated By     | Level          |
| IRQ-9 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP | Assign IRQ For USB       | Enabled        |
| IRQ-10 assigned to   | PCI/ISA PnP | Assign IRQ For VGA       | Enabled        |
| IRQ-11 assigned to   | PCI/ISA PnP |                          |                |
| IRQ-12 assigned to   | PCI/ISA PnP |                          |                |
| IRQ-14 assigned to   | Legacy ISA  |                          |                |
| IRQ-15 assigned to   | Legacy ISA  |                          |                |
| DMA-0 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP | ESC Out                  | Select item    |
| DMA-1 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP | F1 Help                  | PL/PRt+ Modify |
| DMA-2 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP | F2 NoChange              | Shift+F2 Color |
| DMA-3 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP | F3 Load Setup Defaults   |                |
| DMA-4 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP |                          |                |
| DMA-5 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP |                          |                |
| DMA-6 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP |                          |                |
| DMA-7 assigned to  | PCI/ISA PnP |                          |                |

Figure 3-6 PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP

• **Resource Controlled By** The default value is **Manual**.

**Manual:** The field defines that the PNP Card's resource is controlled by manual.

You can setup whether IRQ-X or DMA-X is assigned to PCI/ISA/PNP or Legacy ISA Cards.

**Auto:** If your ISA card and PCI card are all PNP cards Set this field to "Auto". The BIOS will assign the interrupt resource automatically.

• **Reset Configuration Data:** The default value is **Disabled**.

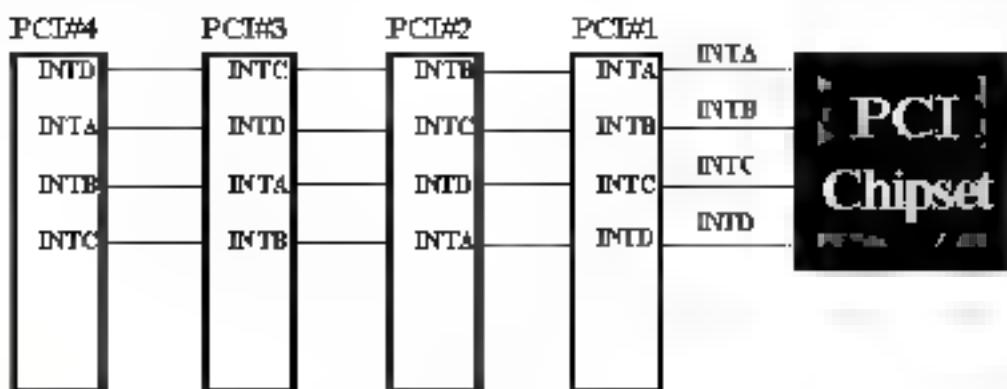
**Disabled:** Normal Setting

**Enabled:** If you plug some Legacy cards in the system and record into E-SCD (Extended System Configuration Data) You can set this field to be Enabled and to clear E-SCD at one time when some Legacy cards are removed.

• **PCI/IDE IRQ Map** The default value is **PCI-AUTO**

When you have true PCI card(s) plugged into the system, you will not need to change anything here in the **SETUP** program. However if you do not know whether you are using a true PCI card please refer to your PCI card user's manual for the details.

When you have a Legacy card described in section 2.5) to plug into the system, a proper setting is extremely important or it may cause the system hung up. The diagram shown below tells you how the Rotating Priority Mechanism is designed.



**Figure 3-7 The Combination of PCI INT# Lines**

### 3.6 INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS

| ROM PCVISA BIOS (ASLEPAF) |          |                              |          |
|---------------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS    |          |                              |          |
| WAED SOFTWARE, INC.       |          |                              |          |
| Onboard Primary PCI IDE   | Enabled  | Onboard Parallel Port        | ?IRQ0?   |
| Onboard Secondary PCI IDE | Enabled  | Onboard Parallel Mode        | ECP EPP  |
| IDE Prefetch Mode         | Enabled  | ECP Mode Use DMA             | ?        |
| IDE HDD Block Mode        | Enabled  | Parallel Port EPP Type       | EPP+9    |
| IDE Primary Master PIO    | Auto     | OnChip ISB                   | Disabled |
| IDE Primary Slave PIO     | Auto     |                              |          |
| IDE Secondary Master PIO  | Auto     |                              |          |
| IDE Secondary Slave PIO   | Auto     |                              |          |
| IDE Primary Master UDMA   | Auto     |                              |          |
| IDE Primary Slave UDMA    | Auto     |                              |          |
| IDE Secondary Master UDMA | Auto     |                              |          |
| IDE Secondary Slave UDMA  | Auto     |                              |          |
| PCI IDE Secondary Channel | Enabled  |                              |          |
| Onboard FDD Controller    | Enabled  | ESC Quit ↑ ↓ ← → Select item |          |
| Onboard Serial Port       | Auto     | F1 Help F2 Modify            |          |
| Onboard Serial Port 2     | Auto     | PG No Change Shift F2 Color  |          |
| J A R T 2 Mode            | Standard | F3 LoadSetup Default         |          |

**Note:** If you don't use the Onboard IDE connector but use On-card (PCI or ISA card) IDE connector You have to set Onboard Primary PCI IDE Disabled and Onboard Secondary PCI IDE Disabled from CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP UTILITY  
The Onboard PCI IDE cable should be equal to or less than 18 inches (45 cm).

- **IDE HDD Block Mode:** The default value is Enabled  
**Enabled:** Enable IDE HDD Block Mode The HDD transfer rate is better than Disable  
**Disabled:** Disable IDE HDD Block Mode
- **PCI Slot IDE 2nd Channel:** The default value is Enabled  
**Enabled:** Enable secondary IDE port and BIOS will assign IRQ15 for this port  
**Disabled:** Disable secondary IDE port and IRQ 5 is available for other device
- **Onboard Primary PCI IDE:** The default value is Enabled  
**Enabled:** Enable Onboard 1st channel IDE port  
**Disabled:** Disable Onboard 1st channel IDE port When use On-card (PCI or ISA card) IDE connector
- **Onboard Secondary PCI IDE:** The default value is Enabled  
**Enabled:** Enable Onboard 2nd channel IDE port  
**Disabled:** Disable Onboard 2nd channel IDE port When use On-card (PCI or ISA card) IDE connector

• **IDE Primary Master PIO:** The default value is Auto

*Auto*      BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Master PCI IDE HDD Accesssing mode  
*Mode 0~4*    Manually set the IDE Accesssing mode

• **IDE Primary Slave PIO:** The default value is Auto

*Auto*      BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Slave PCI IDE HDD Accesssing mode  
*Mode 0~4*    Manually set the IDE Accesssing mode

• **IDE Secondary Master PIO:** The default value is Auto

*Auto*      BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Master PCI IDE HDD Accesssing mode  
*Mode 0~4*    Manually set the IDE Accesssing mode

• **IDE Secondary Slave PIO:** The default value is Auto

*Auto*      BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Slave PCI IDE HDD Accesssing mode  
*Mode 0~4*    Manually set the IDE Accesssing mode

• **Onboard FDC Controller:** The default value is Enabled

*Enabled*     Enable the Onboard floppy drive interface controller  
*Disabled*    Disable the Onboard floppy drive interface controller  
 When using On-card ISA FDC's controller

• **Onboard UART 1:** This field allows the user to select the serial port. The default value is 3F8H/IRQ4

*COM1*: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8H/IRQ4  
*COM2*: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3  
*COM3*: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4  
*COM4*: Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3  
*Disabled*: Disable Onboard Serialport 1

• **Onboard UART 2:** This field allows the user to select the serial port. The default value is 2F8H/IRQ3

*COM1*: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3F8H/IRQ4  
*COM2*: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3  
*COM3*: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4  
*COM4*: Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3  
*Disabled*: Disable Onboard Serialport 2

- **Onboard UART 2 Mode:** This field allows the User to select the COM2 port that can support a serial Infrared Interface.

**Standard:** Support a Serial Infrared Interface IrDA.

**HPSIR:** Support a HP Serial Infrared Interface format

**ASKIR:** Support a Sharp Serial Infrared Interface format

- **Onboard Parallel port:** This field allows the user to select the LPT port. The default value is 17BH/IRQ7.

**378H** Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 378H and IRQ7

**278H** Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 278H and IRQ5

**3BCH** Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 3BCH and IRQ7

**Disabled** Disable Onboard LPT port

**NOTE:** Parallel Port address is 378H/3BCH that selects the routing of IRQ7 for LPT1

Parallel Port address is 278H that selects the routing of IRQ5 for LPT1

- **Parallel port Mode:** This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode. The default value is ECP+EPP.

**Normal** Standard mode IBM PC AT Compatible bidirectional parallel port

**EPP** Enhanced Parallel Port mode

**ECP** Extended Capability Port mode

**EPP+ECP** ECP Mode & EPP Mode

**ECP Mode USE DMA:** This field allows the user to select DMA1 or DMA3 for the ECP mode. The default value is DMA3.

**DMA1** The field selects the routing of DMA1 for the ECP mode

**DMA3** The field selects the routing of DMA3 for the ECP mode

## 3.7 LOADSETUP DEFAULTS

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary only when the system CMOS data is corrupted.

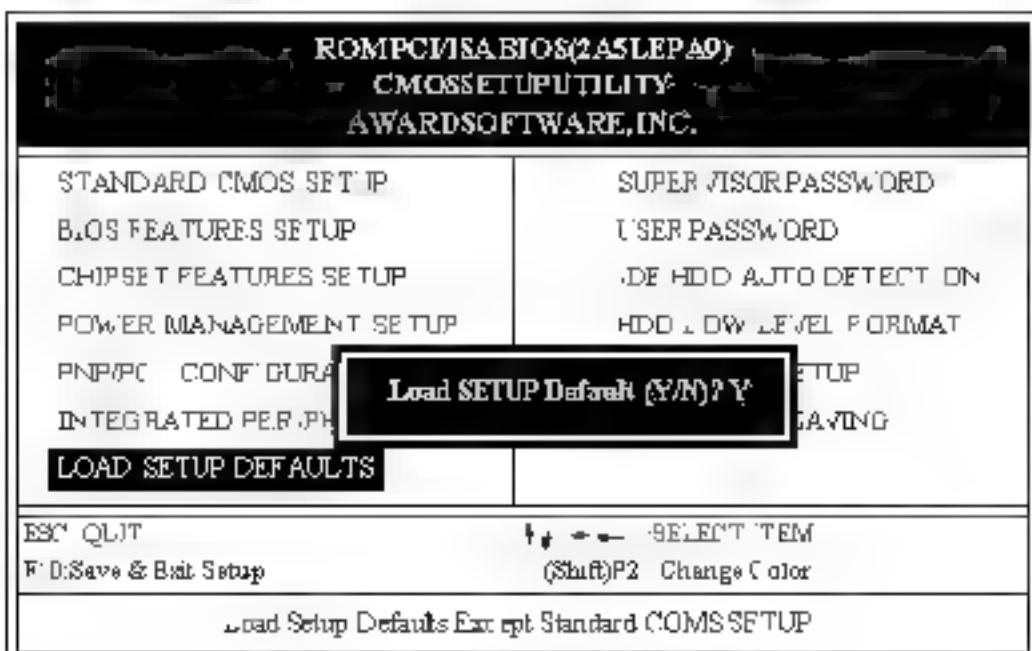


Figure 3-8 LOAD SETUP DEFAULT

### 3-8 CHANGE SUPERVISOR or USER PASSWORD

To change the password, choose the 'SUPERVISOR PASSWORD or USPR PASSWORD' option from the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu and press [Enter].

**NOTE** Either 'Setup' or 'System' must be selected in the 'Security Option' of the BIOS FEATURES SETUP menu. Refer to Figure 3-3 for the details.

If CMOS is corrupted or the option is not used, a default password stored in the ROM will be used. The screen will display the following message:

Enter Password:

Press the [Enter] key to continue after proper password is given.

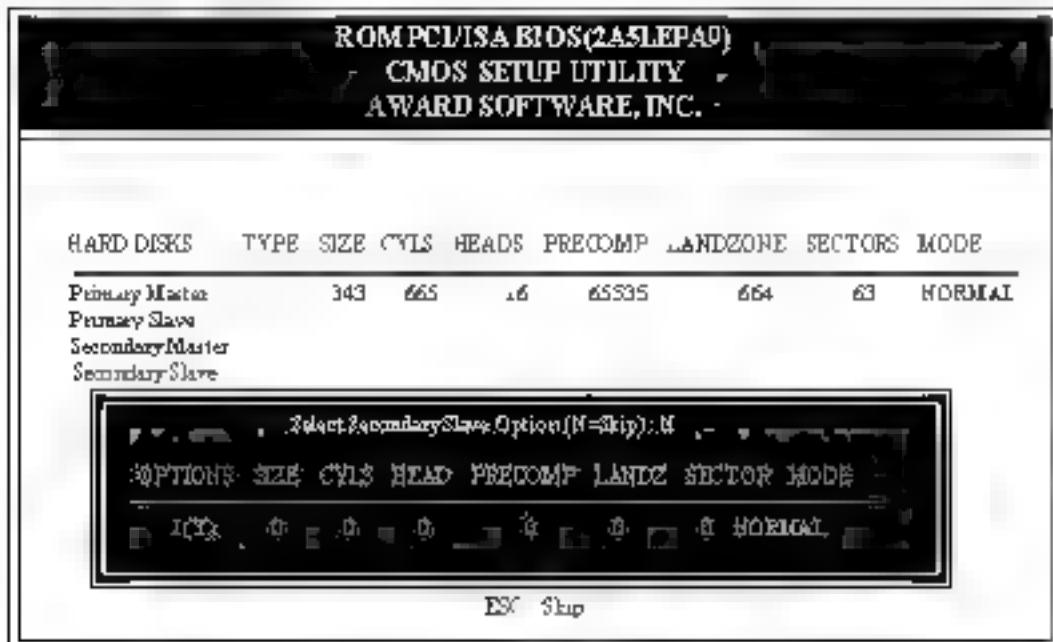
- 2 If CMOS is corrupted or the option was used earlier and the user wish to change default password, the SETUP UTILITY will display a message and ask for a confirmation:

Confirm Password:

- 3 After pressing the Enter key (ROM password if the option was not used or current password user-defined password), the user can change the password and store new one in CMOS RAM. A maximum of 8 characters can be entered.

### 3.9 IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION

The "IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" utility is a very useful tool especially when you do not know which kind of hard disk type you are using. You can use this utility to detect the correct disk type installed in the system automatically. But now you can set HARD DISK TYPE to Auto in the STANDARD CMOS SETUP. You do not need the "IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" utility. The BIOS will Auto-detect the hard disk size and model on display during POST.



**Figure 3-9 IDEHDD AUTO DETECTION**

#### NOTE HDD Modes

The Award BIOS supports 3 HDD modes: NORMAL, LBA and LARGE. NORMAL mode

General access mode that is neither the BIOS nor the IDE controller will make transformations during accessing.

The maximum numbers of cylinders, head & sectors for NORMAL mode are 1024, 6 and 63.

|                  |              |
|------------------|--------------|
| no Cylinder      | 1024         |
| x no Head        | 6            |
| x no Sector      | 63)          |
| x no. per sector | 5.2,         |
|                  | 28 Megabytes |

If an user sets the HDD to NORMAL mode, the maximum accessible HDD size will be 528 Megabytes even though its physical size may be greater than that.

**LBA (Logical Block Addressing) mode:** This is a new HDD access method to overcome the 512 Megabyte bottleneck.

The number of cylinders, heads and sectors shown in the setup may not be the number physically contained in the HDD.

During the HDD accessing, the IDE controller will transform the logical address described by sector, head and cylinder into its own physical address inside the HDD.

The maximum HDD size supported by LBA mode is 8.4 G.gabytes which is obtained by the following formula:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{no Cylinders} &= 1,024 \\ \times \text{no Head} &= 1,280 \\ \times \text{no Sector} &= 63 \\ \times \underline{\text{bytes per sector}} &= 512 \\ &8.4 \text{ G.gabytes} \end{aligned}$$

**LARGE mode:** This is an extended HDD access mode supported by Award Software.

Some IDE HDDs contain more than 1,024 cylinders without LBA support in some cases user does not want LBA. The Award BIOS provides another alternative to support these kinds of LARGE mode.

| CYLS | HEADS | SECTOR | MODE   |
|------|-------|--------|--------|
| 1120 | 16    | 63     | NORMAL |
| 560  | 32    | 63     | LARGE  |

BIOS tricks DOS or other OS' that the number of cylinders is less than 1,024 by dividing it by 2. At the same time the number of heads is multiplied by 2. A reverse transformation process will be made inside INT 13h in order to access the right HDD address.

MaximumHDD's size

$$\begin{aligned} \text{no Cylinders} &= 1,024 \\ \times \text{no Head} &= 32 \\ \times \text{no Sector} &= 63 \\ \times \underline{\text{bytes per sector}} &= 512 \\ &1 \text{ Gigabytes} \end{aligned}$$

**Note**

To support LBA or LARGE mode of HDDs, there must be some softwares involved. All softwares are located in the Award HDD Service Routine 1INT 3h. It may fail to access a HDD with LBA (LARGE) mode selected if you are running under an Operating System which replaces the whole 1INT 3h. UNIX operating systems do not support either LBA or LARGE and must utilize the Standard mode. UNIX can support drives larger than 528MB.

**3-10 HDD LOW LEVEL FORMAT****Interleave**

Select the interleave number of the hard disk drive that you wish to perform a low level format on. You may select from 1 to 8. Check the documentation that came with the drive for the correct interleave number, or select 0 for automatic detection.

**Auto scan bad track**

This allows the utility to scan first then format by each track.

**Start**

Press <Y> to start low level format.

**3-11 SAVE & EXIT SETUP**

The "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option will bring you back to boot up procedure with all the changes you just recorded in the CMOS RAM.

**3-12 EXIT WITHOUT SAVING**

The "EXIT WITHOUT SAVING" option will bring you back to normal boot up procedure without saving any data into CMOS RAM. All old data in the CMOS will not be destroyed.

# Chapter 4

## Technical Information

### 4.1 I/O & MEMORY MAP

#### MEMORY MAP

| Address Range | Size | Description  |
|---------------|------|--|
| [00000-7FFF]  | 512K | Conventional memory                                |
| [80000-9FBFF] | 27K  | Extended Conventional memory                       |
| [9FC00-9FFFF] | 1K   | Extended BIOS data area if PS/2 mouse is installed |
| [A0000-C7FFF] | 160K | Available for Hi DOS memory                        |
| [C8000-DFFFF] | 96K  | Available for Hi DOS memory and adapter ROMs       |
| [E0000-EFFFF] | 60K  | Available for JMB                                  |
| [F0000-EFFFF] | 4K   | Video service routine for Monochrome & CGA adaptor |
| [F0000-F7FFF] | 32K  | BIOS CMOS setup utility                            |
| [F8000-FCFFF] | 20K  | BIOS runtime service routine (2)                   |
| [FD000-FDFFF] | 4K   | Play and Plug ESCD data area                       |
| [FE000-FFFFF] | 8K   | BIOS runtime service routine                       |

#### I/O MAP

|           |                                      |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| [000-01F] | DMA controller (Master)              |
| [020-021] | INTERR PT CONTROLLER (Master)        |
| [022-023] | CHIPSFT control registers /I/O ports |
| [040-05F] | TIMER control registers              |
| [060-06F] | KEYBOARD interface controller 8042   |
| [070-07F] | RTC ports & CMOS /I/O ports          |
| [080-09F] | DMA register                         |
| [0A0-0BF] | INTERR IPT controller Slave          |
| [0C0-0DF] | DMA controller (Slave)               |
| [0F0-0FF] | MATH COPROCESSOR                     |
| [1F0-1F8] | HARD DISK controller                 |
| [278-27F] | PARALLEL port 2                      |
| [2B0-2DF] | GRAPH CS adapter controller          |
| [2F8-2FF] | SERIAL port 2                        |
| [360-36F] | NETWORK ports                        |
| [378-37F] | PARALLEL port                        |
| [3B0-3BF] | MONOCHROME & PARALLEL port adapter   |
| [3C0-3CF] | EGA adapter                          |
| [3D0-3DF] | CGA adapter                          |
| [3F0-3F7] | FLOPPY DISK controller               |
| [3F8-3FF] | SERIAL port 1                        |

## 4.2 TIME & DMA CHANNELS MAP

|                     |                 |                              |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| <b>TIME MAP:</b>    | TIMER Channel 0 | System timer interrupt       |
|                     | TIMER Channel 1 | DRAM REFRESH request         |
|                     | TIMER Channel 2 | SPEAKER tone generator       |
| <b>DMA CHANNELS</b> | DMA Channel 0   | Available                    |
|                     | DMA Channel 1   | Onboard ECP (Option)         |
|                     | DMA Channel 2   | FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP)       |
|                     | DMA Channel 3   | Onboard ECP default          |
|                     | DMA Channel 4   | Cascade for DMA controller 1 |
|                     | DMA Channel 5   | Available                    |
|                     | DMA Channel 6   | Available                    |
|                     | DMA Channel 7   | Available                    |

## 4.3 INTERRUPT MAP

|                    |                                       |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>NMI :</b>       | Parity check error                    |
| <b>IRQ (H/W) :</b> | 0 System TIMER interrupt from TIMER 0 |
|                    | 1 KEYBOARD output buffer full         |
|                    | 2 Cascade for IRQ 8-15                |
|                    | 3 SERIAL port 2                       |
|                    | 4 SERIAL port 1                       |
|                    | 5 PARALLEL port 2                     |
|                    | 6 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP)              |
|                    | 7 PARALLEL port                       |
|                    | 8 RTC clock                           |
|                    | 9 Available                           |
|                    | 10 Available                          |
|                    | 11 Available                          |
|                    | 12 PS/2 Mouse                         |
|                    | 13 MATH coprocessor                   |
|                    | 14 Onboard HARD DISK(IDE1) channel    |
|                    | 15 Onboard HARD DISK(IDE2) channel    |

**4.4 RTC & CMOS RAM MAP**

|                         |       |   |
|-------------------------|-------|---|
| <b>RTC &amp; CMOS :</b> | 00    | Seconds                                 |
|                         | 01    | Second alarm                            |
|                         | 02    | Minutes                                 |
|                         | 03    | Minutes alarm                           |
|                         | 04    | Hours                                   |
|                         | 05    | Hours alarm                             |
|                         | 06    | Day of week                             |
|                         | 07    | Day of month                            |
|                         | 08    | Month                                   |
|                         | 09    | Year                                    |
|                         | 0A    | Status register A                       |
|                         | 0B    | Status register B                       |
|                         | 0C    | Status register C                       |
|                         | 0D    | Status register D                       |
|                         | 0E    | Diagnostic status byte                  |
|                         | 0F    | Shutdown byte                           |
|                         | 10    | FLOPPY DISK drive type byte             |
|                         | 11    | Reserve                                 |
|                         | 12    | HARD DISK type byte                     |
|                         | 13    | Reserve                                 |
|                         | 14    | Equipment type                          |
|                         | 15    | Base memory low byte                    |
|                         | 16    | Base memory high byte                   |
|                         | 17    | Extension memory low byte               |
|                         | 18    | Extension memory high byte              |
|                         | 19-2d |   |
|                         | 2E-2F |   |
|                         | 30    | Reserved for extension memory low byte  |
|                         | 31    | Reserved for extension memory high byte |
|                         | 32    | DATE CENTURY byte                       |
|                         | 43    | INFORMATION FLAG                        |
|                         | 34-3F | Reserve                                 |
|                         | 40-7F | Reserved for CHIPSET SETTING DATA       |

## APPENDIX A: POST CODES

SA POST codes are typically output to port address 80h.

### POST(hex) DESCRIPTION

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| <b>01-02</b> | Reserved  |
| <b>C0</b>    | Turn off OEM specific cache shadow  |
| <b>03</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Initialize EISA registers (EISA BIOS only)</li> <li>2 Initialize all the standard devices with default values Standard devices includes           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DMA controller 8237</li> <li>Programmable Interrupt Controller 8259</li> <li>Programmable Interval Timer 8254</li> <li>RTC chip</li> </ul> </li> </ul>                                      |
| <b>04</b>    | Reserved  |
| <b>05</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Keyboard Controller Self Test</li> <li>2 Enable Keyboard Interface</li> </ul>  |
| <b>06</b>    | Reserved  |
| <b>07</b>    | Verifies CMOS's basic R/W functionality   |
| <b>C1</b>    | Auto detection of onboard DRAM & Cache  |
| <b>C5</b>    | Copy the BIOS from ROM into E0000-FFFFF shadow RAM so that POST will go faster  |
| <b>08</b>    | Test the first 256K DRAM  |
| <b>09</b>    | OEM specific cache initialization (if needed)   |
| <b>0A</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Initialize the first 32 interrupt vectors with corresponding interrupt handlers</li> <li>2 Initialize INT no from 33-20 with Dummy 'Suprious' interrupt Handler</li> <li>3 Issue CPUID instruction to identify CPU type</li> <li>4 Early Power Management initialization (OEM specific)</li> </ul>   |
| <b>0B</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Verify the RTC time is valid or not</li> <li>2 Detect bad battery</li> <li>3 Read CMOS data into BIOS stack area</li> <li>4 PnP initializations including (PnP BIOS only)           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Assign CSN to PnP SA card</li> <li>Create resource map from ESCD</li> </ul> </li> <li>5 Assign IO &amp; Memory for PCI devices (PCI BIOS only)</li> </ul> |

**POST(hex) DESCRIPTION**

|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| <b>0C</b>    | Initialization of the BIOS Data Area 40:0N - 40FF  |
| <b>0D</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Program some of the Chipset's value according to Setup (Early Setup Value Program)</li> <li>2 Measure CPU speed for display &amp; decide the system clock speed.</li> <li>3 Video initialization including Monochrome CGA/EGA/VGA. If no display device found, the speaker will beep</li> </ul>   |
| <b>0E</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Test video RAM. If Monochrome display device found</li> <li>2 Show messages including:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Award Logo Copyright string, BIOS Data code &amp; Part No</li> <li>OEM specific sign on messages</li> <li>Energy Star Logo (Green BIOS ONLY)</li> <li>CPU brand, type &amp; speed</li> <li>Test system BIOS checksum (Non-Compress Version only)</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| <b>0F</b>    | DMA channel 0 test   |
| <b>10</b>    | DMA channel 1 test   |
| <b>11</b>    | DMA page registers test  |
| <b>12-13</b> | Reserved   |
| <b>14</b>    | Test 8254 Timer 0 Counter  |
| <b>15</b>    | Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 0  |
| <b>16</b>    | Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1  |
| <b>17</b>    | Reserved   |
| <b>18</b>    | Test 8259 functionality  |
| <b>1A-1D</b> | Reserved   |
| <b>1E</b>    | PCI/ISA NVM checksum is good, execute EISA initialization (EISA BIOS only)   |
| <b>1F-29</b> | Reserved   |
| <b>30</b>    | Detect Base Memory & Extended Memory Size  |
| <b>31</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Test Base Memory from 256K to 640K</li> <li>2 Test Extended Memory from 1M to the top of memory</li> </ul>  |

**POST(hex) DESCRIPTION**

- 32**      Display the Award Plug & Play BIOS Extension message (PnP B OS only)  
 2 Program all onboard super I/O chips (if any) including COM ports, LPT  
 ports FDD port according to setup value
- 33-3B**    Reserved
- 3C**      Set flag to allow users to enter CMOS Setup Utility
- 3D**
  - ↳ Initialize Keyboard
  - ↳ Install PS2 mouse
- 3E**      Try to turn on Level 2 cache  
 Note: Some chipset may need to turn on the L2 cache at this stage. But usually the cache is turn on later in POST (6 h)
- 3F-40**    Reserved
- 4F**
  - 1 Program the rest of the Chipset's value according to Setup (Later Setup value Program)
  - 2 If auto-configuration is enabled, programmed the chipset with pre-defined values
- 41**      Initialize floppy disk drive controller
- 42**      Initialize Hard drive controller
- 43**      If it is a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports
- 44**      Reserved
- 45**      Initialize math coprocessor
- 46-4D**    Reserved
- 4E**      If there's any error detected such as video kb , show all the error messages on the screen & wait for user to press <F1> key
- 4F**
  - 1 If password is needed, ask for password
  - 2 Clear the Energy Star Logo (Green BIOS only)
- 50**      Write all CMOS values currently in the BIOS stack area back into the CMOS
- 51**      Reserved

**POST(hex) DESCRIPTION**

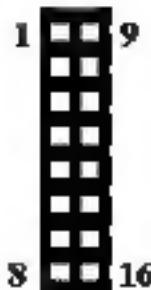
- 52**      1 Initialize all SA ROMs  
           2 Later PCI initializations (PC B OS only)  
               assign IRQ to PCI devices  
               initialize all PC ROMs  
           3 PnP initializations (PnP B OS only)  
               assign IO, Memory, IRQ & DMA to PnP ISA devices  
               initialize all PnP ISA ROMs  
           4 Program shadows RAM according to Setup settings  
           5 Program parity according to Setup setting.  
           6 Power Management initialization  
               Enable/Disable global PM  
               APM interface initialization
- 53**      1 If it's NOT a PnP BIOS initialize serial & parallel ports  
           2 Initialize time value in B OS data area by translate the RTC time value into  
               a timer tick value
- 60**      Setup Virus Protection, Boot Sector Protection, functionality according to Setup  
               setting.
- 61**      1 Try to turn on Level 2 cache  
               Note: L2 cache is already turned on in POST 3D, this part will be skipped  
           2 Set the boot up speed according to Setup setting.  
           3 Last chance for Chipset initialization  
           4 Last chance for Power Management initialization (Green B OS only)  
           5 Show the system configuration table
- 62**      1 Setup daylight saving according to Setup value  
           2 Program the NMI clock, typemask rate & typematic speed according to Setup  
               setting
- 63**      1 If there is any changes in the hardware configuration, update the ESCD  
               information (PnP B OS only)  
           2 Clear memory that have been used  
           3 Boot system via INT 9H
- FF**      System Booting. This means that the BIOS already pass the control right to the  
               operating system

**Unexpected Errors:****POST(hex) DESCRIPTION**

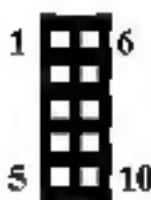
- B0**      IE interrupt occurs in protected mode
- B1**      Unclaimed NMI occurs

**APPENDIX B: I/O CONNECTORS****J1:PS/2 MOUSE CONNECTOR:**

- 1 DATA
- 2 CLK
- 3 GND
- 4 NC
- 5 VCC

**CN1:USBCONNECTOR:**

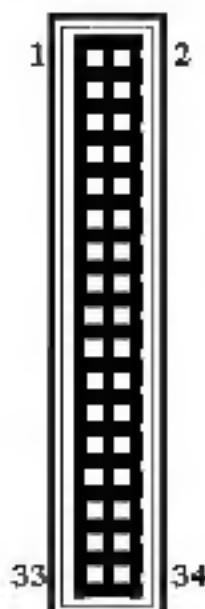
| Signal Name | Pin | Pin | Signal Name |
|-------------|-----|-----|-------------|
| USB_VCC     | 1   | 9   | Ground      |
| USB_data1-  | 2   | 10  | Ground      |
| USB_data1+  | 3   | 11  | Ground      |
| Ground      | 4   | 12  | Ground      |
| USB_VCC     | 5   | 13  | Ground      |
| USB_data1-  | 6   | 14  | Ground      |
| USB_data1+  | 7   | 25  | Ground      |
| Ground      | 8   | 26  | Ground      |

**COM1, COM2: Serial Ports Connector**

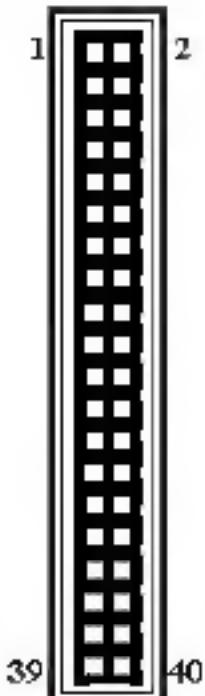
| Signal Name | Pin | Pin | Signal Name |
|-------------|-----|-----|-------------|
| DCD         | 1   | 6   | DSR         |
| SIN         | 2   | 7   | RTS         |
| SOUT        | 3   | 8   | CTS         |
| DTR         | 4   | 9   | RI          |
| GND         | 5   | 10  | N.C.        |

**LPT1: Parallel Port Connector**

| Signal Name | Pin | Pin | Signal Name |
|-------------|-----|-----|-------------|
| STROBE-     | 1   | 14  | AUTO FEED-  |
| Data Bit 0  | 2   | 15  | ERROR-      |
| Data Bit 1  | 3   | 16  | INIT-       |
| Data Bit 2  | 4   | 17  | SLCT IN-    |
| Data Bit 3  | 5   | 18  | Ground      |
| Data Bit 4  | 6   | 19  | Ground      |
| Data Bit 5  | 7   | 20  | Ground      |
| Data Bit 6  | 8   | 21  | Ground      |
| Data Bit 7  | 9   | 22  | Ground      |
| ACI-        | 10  | 23  | Ground      |
| BUSY        | 11  | 24  | Ground      |
| FE          | 12  | 25  | Ground      |
| SLCT        | 13  | 26  | N.C.        |

**FDD1 : Floppy Disk Connector**

| Signal Name | Pin | Pin | Signal Name     |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----------------|
| Ground      | 1   | 2   | FDHDIN          |
| Ground      | 3   | 4   | Reserved        |
| Ground      | 5   | 6   | FDEDDIN         |
| Ground      | 7   | 8   | Index           |
| Ground      | 9   | 10  | Motor Enable    |
| Ground      | 11  | 12  | Drive Select B- |
| Ground      | 13  | 14  | Drive Select A- |
| Ground      | 15  | 16  | Motor Enable    |
| Ground      | 17  | 18  | DIR-            |
| Ground      | 19  | 20  | STEP-           |
| Ground      | 21  | 22  | Write Data      |
| Ground      | 23  | 24  | Write Gate      |
| Ground      | 25  | 26  | Track 00-       |
| Ground      | 27  | 28  | Write Protect-  |
| Ground      | 29  | 30  | Read Data-      |
| Ground      | 31  | 32  | SIDE 1 SELECT-  |
| Ground      | 33  | 34  | Diskette        |

**IDE1,IDE2; Primary, Secondary IDE Connector**

| Signal Name   | Pin | Pin | Signal Name   |
|---------------|-----|-----|---------------|
| Reset IDE     | 1   | 2   | Ground        |
| Host Data 7   | 3   | 4   | Host Data 8   |
| Host Data 6   | 5   | 6   | Host Data 9   |
| Host Data 5   | 7   | 8   | Host Data 10  |
| Host Data 4   | 9   | 10  | Host Data 11  |
| Host Data 3   | 11  | 12  | Host Data 12  |
| Host Data 2   | 13  | 14  | Host Data 13  |
| Host Data 1   | 15  | 16  | Host Data 14  |
| Host Data 0   | 17  | 18  | Host Data 15  |
| Ground        | 19  | 20  | Key           |
| DRQ3          | 21  | 22  | Ground        |
| MD Write-     | 23  | 24  | Ground        |
| MD Read-      | 25  | 26  | Ground        |
| IOCHRDY       | 27  | 28  | BALE          |
| DACK3-        | 29  | 30  | Ground        |
| IRQ14         | 31  | 32  | IOCS16-       |
| Addr1         | 33  | 34  | Ground        |
| Addr0         | 35  | 36  | Addr2         |
| Chip Select0- | 37  | 38  | Chip Select1- |
| Activity      | 39  | 40  | Ground        |

## **Appendix C : AGP Driver for Windows 95 Installation Guide**

This section provides the information for installation of Apollo VP3 VxD Driver which supports Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) functionalities

### **SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS**

- 1 Microsoft Windows 95 OSR2.1 (OSR2.0 with USB upgrade)
- 2 VIA Apollo VP3 AGP Driver (Vgart.VXD)
- 3 AGP VGA Card with Driver
- 4 DirectX5 DDK or SDK

### **INSTALLATION PROCEDURE**

- Step 1. Install Windows 95 4.00.950 B or later version
- Step 2. Install USBSUPP (USB upgrade)
- Step 3. Install Apollo VP3 AGP Driver
  - run the program "SETUP.EXE" which can be found in the VIA VxD driver disk and this process will then automatically install the VIA VxD driver onto your windows 95 system.
- Step 4. Install VGA driver for Windows 95
- Step 5. Install Microsoft DirectX5 DDK or SDK

### **NOTES**

1. This driver should be installed on a system with the VIA Apollo VP3 AGP chipset while other chipsets is not be supported. The VIA VxD Driver is only supported by Windows 95 OSR 2.0 (4.00.950 B) to later versions
2. For Win95 users, you will need to
  - a. Get 'USBSUPP.EXE' from Microsoft ([www.microsoft.com](http://www.microsoft.com)), which includes the USB supplement and a new memory manager (VMM32.VxD) needed for the AGPDIME (DirectMemory Execute) feature.
  - b. Get DirectX5.0 from Microsoft ([www.microsoft.com](http://www.microsoft.com)). DirectX5.0 is the first DirectX version that supports AGP's DIME.
  - c. Get 'VIAGART.VXD', a virtual device manager which is usually installed during the installation procedure of the Windows 95 card driver.
3. To make sure if the Apollo VP3 AGP driver is properly installed, one must boot the Windows 95 system up and run 'Regedit' and check whether the file VIAGART exists in the following path  
**'HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\VxD'**
4. To check whether the AGP driver is able to activate, one must do the following:
  - a. Activate the "Control Panel"

- b. Click on "Direct X" then
- c. Click on "Direct Draw" and
- d. Check if there are some values existing in the "Bit" and "overlays" if there is, that means the AGP can be activated properly.

## REPLACING AN EXISTING VGA CARD WITH THE AGP VGA CARD

- 1 Shut down the computer and then turn off the power
- 2 Replace the VGA card boot up the system once again
- 3 Now, Update Device Driver Wizard Window will appear This wizard will complete the installation of the Standard PCI Graphics Adapter (VGA).  
Click Next > to let Windows search for an updated driver

**WARING ! Only click Next >, The system will hang if you click Cancel!**

4. Click Finish to install the VGA driver. You will then be asked for your Windows 95 CD in order to complete the VGA driver installation. If you do not have your CD handy, direct the installation path to your \windows\system directory. Windows will prompt you to restart your windows. Choose "NO" and install the appropriate AGP VGA Driver

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